CLINICAL Extent of disease before any treatment	Stage Category	DEFINITIONS		PATHOLOGIC at of disease during and from surgery
 y clinical- staging completed after neoadjuvant therapy but before subsequent surgery 	Tumor Size:	LATERALITY: ☐ left ☐ right ☐ bilateral	afte	pathologic – staging completed er neoadjuvant therapy AND osequent surgery
□ TX □ T0 □ Tis □ T1 □ T2 □ T3 □ T4a	Primary tumor cannot be assessed No evidence of primary tumor Carcinoma in situ Tumor 2 cm or less in greatest dimension Tumor more than 2 cm but not more than 4 Tumor more than 4 cm in greatest dimension Moderately advanced local disease. (lip) Tumor invades through cortical boo mouth, or skin of face, i.e., chin or nose (oral cavity) Tumor invades adjacent st bone, [mandible or maxilla] into deep [a [genioglossus, hyoglossus, palatogloss sinus, skin of face) T4b Very advanced local disease. Tumor invades masticator space, ptery encases internal carotid artery	4 cm in greatest dimension ion ne, inferior alveolar nerve, floor of eructures only (e.g., through cortical extrinsic] muscle of tongue sus, and styloglossus], maxillary		TX T0 Tis T1 T2 T3 T4a
	Note: Superficial erosion alone of bone/too sufficient to classify a tumor as T4.	otn socket by gingival primary is not		
□ NX □ N0 □ N1 □ N2	REGIONAL LYMP Regional lymph nodes cannot be assessed No regional lymph node metastasis Metastasis in a single ipsilateral lymph nod Metastasis in a single ipsilateral lymph nod 6 cm in greatest dimension; or in multipl than 6 cm in greatest dimension; or in bi none more than 6 cm in greatest dimens	de, 3 cm or less in greatest dimension de, more than 3 cm but not more than e ipsilateral lymph nodes, none more lateral or contralateral lymph nodes,		NX N0 N1 N2
☐ N2a	Metastasis in single ipsilateral lymph node cm in greatest dimension			N2a
☐ N2b	Metastasis in multiple ipsilateral lymph noo dimension	des, none more than 6 cm in greatest		N2b
☐ N2c	Metastasis in bilateral or contralateral lymp greatest dimension	oh nodes, none more than 6 cm in		N2c
□ N3	Metastasis in a lymph node more than 6 cr	m in greatest dimension		N3
□ M0 □ M1	No distant metastasis (no pathologic M0; use Distant metastasis			M1

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ANATOMIC STAGE • PROGNOSTIC GROUPS												
			CLINICA	L					PATH	OLOGIC		
	ROUP	Т	N	M		GI	ROUP	T	N		М	
_	0	Tis	N0	M0				Tis	NO		M0	
	 	T1 T2	N0 N0	M0 M0				T1 T2	NC NC		M0	
	'' 	T3	NO NO	M0			III	T3	NO NO		M0 M0	
		T1	N1	MO		-		T1	N1		M0	
		T2	N1	M0				T2	N1		M0	
	11.7.4	T3	N1	M0			13.7.4	T3	N1		M0	
	IVA	T4a T4a	N0 N1	M0 M0			IVA	T4a T4a	NO N1		M0 M0	
		T1	N2	M0				T1	N2		M0	
		T2	N2	MO				T2	N2		MO	
		T3	N2	M0				T3	N2		M0	
	IVB	T4a Any T	N2 N3	M0 M0			IV/D	T4a	N2		M0	
	IVD	T4b	Any N	M0			IVB	Any T T4b	N3 An	y N	M0 M0	
	IVC	Any T	Any N	M1			IVC	Any T		y N	M1	
	Stage ur	nknown					Stage	unknown				
			PROGNOSTIC	FACTORS	(SITE-SPECIFIC FAC	CTOR	S)			Genera		
REQ	UIRED	FOR STAG	ING:None								tification of special of pTNM classifications	
		Y SIGNIFIC									nd "y," "r," and "a" pr	
Si	ze of Ly	mph Nodes:	·	_						used. Al	though they do not a	affect the
Extracapsular Extension from Lymph Nodes for Head & Neck:				lead & Neck:	_					ouping, they indicate separate analysis.	e cases	
Не	ead & N	eck Lymph I	Nodes Levels I-	III:						_	indicates the prese	nce of
Не	ead & N	eck Lymph I	Nodes Levels IV	/-V:		multiple primary tumors in a						
Head & Neck Lymph Nodes Levels IV-V: Head & Neck Lymph Nodes Levels VI-VII:								pT(m)Nl	is recorded in parer M.	itheses:		
Ot	ther Lyn	nph Node Gr	oup:								indicates those cas	
CI	inical Lo	ocation of ce	rvical nodes: _			which classification is perform during or following initial mult				ltimodality		
Ex	ktracaps	sular spread	(ECS) Clinical:							category	The cTNM or pTNN is identified by a "y	" prefix.
Ex	ktracaps	sular spread	(ECS) Patholog	jic:							NM or ypTNM categ nt of tumor actually	
Ηι	uman Pa	apillomavirus	s (HPV) Status:							the time	of that examination	The "y"
Τι	ımor Th	ickness:									zation is not an estir	
Hist	ologic (Grade (G) (a	also known as ove	erall grade)							indicates a recurren	
	Gradi	ing system		,	Grade						aged after a disease and is identified by	
	2 grad	de system			☐ Grade I or 1					prefix: r		uie i
	3 grad	de system			☐ Grade II or 2					'	designates the stag	е
☐ 4 grade system ☐ Grade III or 3									ned at autopsy: aTN			
	□ No 2, 3, or 4 grade system is available □ Grade IV or 4											
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Additional Descriptors		Coneral Notes (continued):
Lymphatic Vessel Invasion (L) and Venous Invasion (V) have been convasion (LVI) for collection by cancer registrars. The College of American should be used as the primary source. Other sources may be used in the is given to positive results. Lymph-Vascular Invasion Not Present (absent)/Not Identified Lymph-Vascular Invasion Present/Identified	Pathologists' (CAP) Checklist	General Notes (continued): surgical margins is data field recorded by registrars describing the surgical margins of the resected primary site specimen as determined only by the pathology report. neoadjuvant treatment is radiation
□ Not Applicable □ Unknown/Indeterminate		therapy or systemic therapy (consisting of chemotherapy,
Residual Tumor (R) The absence or presence of residual tumor after treatment. In some case with neoadjuvant therapy there will be residual tumor at the primary site a incomplete resection or local and regional disease that extends beyond the state of	after treatment because of	hormone therapy, or immunotherapy) administered prior to a definitive surgical procedure. If the surgical procedure is not performed, the administered therapy no longer meets the definition of neoadjuvant therapy.
 □ RX Presence of residual tumor cannot be assessed □ R0 No residual tumor □ R1 Microscopic residual tumor □ R2 Macroscopic residual tumor 		
☐ Clinical stage was used in treatment planning (describe):		
□ National guidelines were used in treatment planning □ NCCN □	Other (describe):	
Dhysician signatura		Date/Time
Physician signature		Date/Time
Prhysician signature		Date/Time
Prhysician signature		Date/Time
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	PATIENT NAME/INFORMATION	

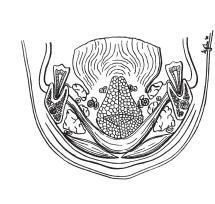
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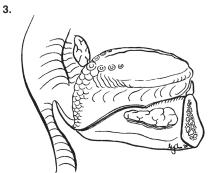
Illustration

Indicate on diagram primary tumor and regional nodes involved.

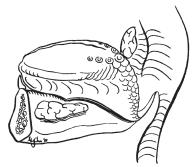
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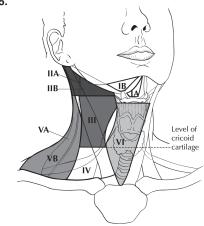




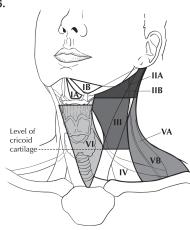
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