NASAL CAVITY AND PARANASAL SINUSES STAGING FORM

| CLINICAL Extent of disease before any treatment | | Stage Category Definitions | | | PATHOLOGIC Extent of disease through completion of definitive surgery | |
|---|----------------------|--|--|--|---|--|
| y clinical– staging completed after neoadjuvant therapy but before subsequent surgery | | TUMOR SIZE: | LATERALITY: ☐ left ☐ right ☐ bilateral | y pathologic – staging complete after neoadjuvant therapy AND subsequent surgery | | |
| | TX T0 Tis | PRIMARY TU Primary tumor cannot be assessed No evidence of primary tumor Tis Carcinoma in situ | | TX T0 Tis | | |
| | T1 T2 | Maxillary Sinus Tumor limited to maxillary sinus mucosa wi Tumor causing bone erosion or destruction palate and/or middle nasal meatus, exc maxillary sinus and pterygoid plates | 0 | T1 T2 | | |
| | Т3 | Tumor invades any of the following: bone of subcutaneous tissues, floor or medial was sinuses | | Т3 | | |
| | T4a | Moderately advanced local disease. Tumor invades anterior orbital contents infratemporal fossa, cribriform plate, sp | | T4a | | |
| | T4b | Very advanced local disease. Tumor invades any of the following: orb fossa, cranial nerves other than maxilla nasopharynx, or clivus | | T4b | | |
| 0 | T1 T2 | Nasal Cavity and Ethmoid Sinus Tumor restricted to any one subsite, with of Tumor invading two subsites in a single reg adjacent region within the nasoethmoid invasion | 0 | T1 T2 | | |
| | T3 | Tumor extends to invade the medial wall or | | Т3 | | |
| | T4a | palate, or cribriform plate Moderately advanced local disease. Tumor invades any of the following: ant cheek, minimal extension to anterior cra | | T4a | | |
| | T4b | sphenoid or frontal sinuses Very advanced local disease. Tumor invades any of the following: orb fossa, cranial nerves other than (V ₂), na | | T4b | | |
| | NX N0 N1 N2 | Regional lymph nodes cannot be assessed No regional lymph node metastasis Metastasis in a single ipsilateral lymph nod Metastasis in a single ipsilateral lymph nod 6 cm in greatest dimension, or in multip more than 6 cm in greatest dimension, nodes, none more than 6 cm in greates Metastasis in a single ipsilateral lymph nod 6 cm in greatest dimension | | NX N0 N1 N2 | | |
| HOSPITAL | Name/Addre | ess | PATIENT NAME/INFORMATION | | | |

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| | NAS | AL CA | VITY AND | PARANAS | SAL | SIN | USES | STAG | NG I | FORM |
|--|--|--|--|---------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|------|
| | N2b | | Metastasis in multiple ipsilateral lymph nodes, none more than 6 cm in greatest | | | | | | | N2b |
| | N2c | Metasta | dimension Metastasis in bilateral or contralateral lymph nodes, none more than 6 cm in | | | | | | | N2c |
| | N3 | | greatest dimension Metastasis in a lymph node, more than 6 cm in greatest dimension | | | | | | | N3 |
| 0 | M0 M1 | | DISTANT METASTASIS (M) No distant metastasis (no pathologic M0; use clinical M to complete stage group) Distant metastasis | | | | | | | M1 |
| | | | ANATOM | IIC STAGE • P | ROG | NOSTI | c Gro | JPS | | |
| GROUP | Т | CLINIC N | CAL M | | GI | ROUP | Т | PATHOL N | OGIC. | |
| 0 | Tis T1 T2 T3 T1 T2 T3 T4a T4a T1 T2 T3 T4a T4b Any T Any T Any T | N0 N0 N0 N0 N1 N1 N1 N0 N1 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 | MO MO MO MO MO MO MO MO MO MO | | | O I II III III IIVA IVA IVB IVC | Tis Tis T1 T2 T3 T1 T2 T3 T4a T4a T1 T2 T3 T4a T4b Any T Any T | NO NO NO NO N1 N1 N1 N1 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 | M0 M0 M0 M0 M0 M0 M0 M0 M0 M0 M0 M0 M0 | |
| CLINICALLY SIGNIFICANT: Size of Lymph Nodes Extracapsular Extension from Lymph Nodes for Head & Neck Head & Neck Lymph Nodes Levels I-III Head & Neck Lymph Nodes Levels IV-V Head & Neck Lymph Nodes Levels VI-VII multiple primary tumor | | | | | | | ication of special cases of FNM classifications, the "m" "y," "r," and "a" prefixes are ough they do not affect the uping, they indicate cases eparate analysis. Indicates the presence of rimary tumors in a single a recorded in parentheses: | | | |
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| Histo | logic Grade (G) (also known as overall grade) | General Notes (continued): | | | | | |
|--|---|---|---------------|--|---|--|--|
| | Grading system | y prefix indicates those cases in | | | | | |
| | 2 grade system | | Grade I or 1 | | which classification is performed during or following initial | | |
| | 3 grade system | | Grade II or 2 | | multimodality therapy. The cTNM | | |
| | 4 grade system | | | or pTNM category is identified by a "y" prefix. The ycTNM or ypTNM | | | |
| | No 2, 3, or 4 grade system is available | categorizes the extent of tumor actually present at the time of that examination. The "y" | | | | | |
| Lymp Invas shoul | TIONAL DESCRIPTORS phatic Vessel Invasion (L) and Venous Invasion (LVI) for collection by cancer registrars. The d be used as the primary source. Other sources to positive results. | categorization is not an estimate of tumor prior to multimodality therapy. r prefix indicates a recurrent tumor when staged after a disease-free | | | | | |
| | Lymph-Vascular Invasion Not Present (absent)/ | interval and is identified by the "r" prefix: rTNM. | | | | | |
| | Lymph-Vascular Invasion Present/Identified Not Applicable Unknown/Indeterminate | a prefix designates the stage determined at autopsy: aTNM. | | | | | |
| The anneoad resection | dual Tumor (R) bsence or presence of residual tumor after treat djuvant therapy there will be residual tumor at th tion or local and regional disease that extends b | surgical margins is data field recorded by registrars describing the surgical margins of the resected primary site specimen as determined only by the pathology report. | | | | | |
| | RX Presence of residual tumor cannot be asser R0 No residual tumor R1 Microscopic residual tumor R2 Macroscopic residual tumor | neoadjuvant treatment is radiation therapy or systemic therapy (consisting of chemotherapy, hormone therapy, or immunotherapy) administered prior to a definitive surgical procedure. If the surgical procedure is not performed, the administered therapy no longer meets the definition of neoadjuvant therapy. | | | | | |
| ☐ Clinical stage was used in treatment planning (describe): | | | | | | | |
| □ National guidelines were used in treatment planning □ NCCN □ Other (describe): | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Phys | ician signature | | | | Date/Time | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Hosi | PITAL NAME/ADDRESS | | | PATIENT NAME/INFORMATION | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

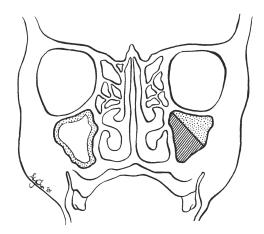
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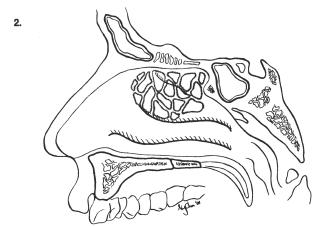
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Illustration

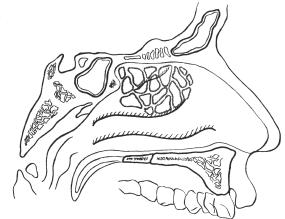
Indicate on diagram primary tumor and regional nodes involved.

1.

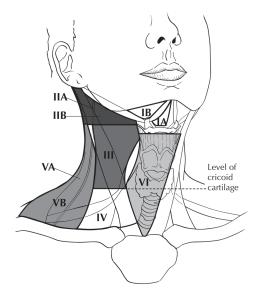




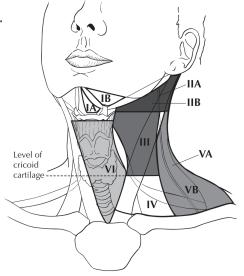
3.



4.



5.



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